

**Aufgabe 1: The Martian: Solution (4 points)**

**i. (2 pts)** As the center of mass of the astronaut's body reaches a maximal height of  $h = 50$  cm, it has to have a kinetic energy of

$$E_{\text{kin}} = mgh \quad (1)$$

at take-off. This energy is built up by the force of the legs during the jumping motion, during which the astronaut lifts his the center of mass by  $s = 40$  cm. Let  $F_{\text{legs}}$  be the mean force exerted on the ground. Then we can write

$$E_{\text{kin}} = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s} = (-mg + F_{\text{legs}}) \cdot s \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{\text{legs}} = mg \frac{h+s}{s} = 70 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0.5 \text{ m}}{0.4 \text{ m}}\right) = 1.5 \text{ kN}$$

**Grading:** 0.5 points for the idea to use conservation of energy like in (1). 0.5 points for (2), 0.5 points for the algebraic expression of  $h$ , 0.5 points for the numerical result of  $h$  with exactly 2 significant digits.

**ii. (1.5 pts)** Similarly, we compute

$$mg_{\text{mars}}h = (F_{\text{legs}} - mg_{\text{mars}}) \cdot s \quad (3)$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{s}{m} \left( \frac{F_{\text{legs}}}{g_{\text{mars}}} - m \right) = \frac{0.4 \text{ m}}{170 \text{ kg}} \left( \frac{1.5 \text{ kN}}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0.38} - 170 \text{ kg} \right) = 58 \text{ cm}$$

**Grading:** 0.5 points for the idea to use (1) and (2) here, like in (3). 0.5 points for the algebraic expression of  $h$ , 0.5 points for the numerical result of  $h$  with exactly 2 significant digits.

**iii. (0.5 pts)** And again, with  $m = 70$  kg:

$$h = \frac{s}{m} \left( \frac{F_{\text{legs}}}{g_{\text{mars}}} - m \right) = \frac{0.4 \text{ m}}{70 \text{ kg}} \left( \frac{1.5 \text{ kN}}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0.38} - 70 \text{ kg} \right) = 2.0 \text{ m}$$

**Grading:** 0.5 points for the numerical result of  $h$  with exactly 2 significant digits.